Space Mount RH & T Sensors



Features

- High stability and reliability
- No loss of accuracy up to 100% RH
- Built-in circuitry diagnostics
- ±2% and ±3% Accuracy versions
- 4-20mA or 0-10Vdc outputs (link selectable)

Specification

RH accuracy:

RH-SP01 ±2% RH-SP02 ±3%

Long term stability < 2% RH p.a. Temp. accuracy ± 0.3 °C

Outputs 4-20mA or 0-10Vdc

Output ranges:

RH 0 to 100%RH

Temperature 0 to +40°C (others on request -TR)

Enthalpy -20 to +269kJ/kg (optional)

Dewpoint -40 to +60°C (optional)

Power supply:

4-20mA 20 - 35Vdc for 500Ω loop resistance

0-10Vdc 17 - 34Vdc, or

14 to 26Vac (4.7KΩ min)

Connections $0.5 - 2.5 \text{mm}^2$ cable Housing Material ABS (flame retardant) Dimensions $85 \times 85 \times 23 \text{mm}$ Ambient range -10 to +50 °C

Country of origin EU

Product Codes

RH-SP01

Space RH & T transmitter, ±2% accuracy

RH-SP02

Space RH & T transmitter, ±3% accuracy

-EN

Enthalpy & dewpoint outputs (Only available with

the RH-SP01)

-TR

Custom temperature range (available on request)

-LCD

Integral LCD display for RH & Temperature

Technical Overview

The RH-SP space mounted humidity & temperature sensors offer the latest technology for high accuracy RH measurement. The RH-SP01 is also available with additional outputs for enthalpy and dewpoint (RH-SP01-EN). Non-standard temperature output ranges can be specified at time of order.

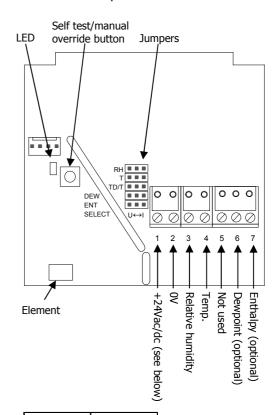
Installation

Antistatic precautions must be observed when handling these sensors. The PCB contains circuitry that can be damaged by static discharge.

- Select a location on a wall of the controlled space which will give a representative sample of the prevailing room condition. Avoid sitting the sensor in direct sunlight.
- 2. Undo the tamperproof screw at the bottom of the housing and gently pull the front panel from the base.
- Using the base as a template mark the hole centres and fix to the wall using suitable screws. Alternatively the base plate can be mounted onto a conduit box or a standard recess back box.
- 4. Feed the cable through the 22mm knockout in the housing base and terminate as required.
- 5. Set jumpers as required .
- 6. Leaving some slack inside the housing replace the front panel to the base plate.
- 7. Fit the tamperproof screw (if required) through the lug at the bottom of the base plate.
- 8. Ensure that the supply voltage is within the specified tolerances.
- 9. Allow 3 minutes before checking functionality.
- 10. Allow 30 minutes before carrying out pre-commissioning checks.

Note Standard units are factory set for 4-20mA outputs.

Connections & Jumpers



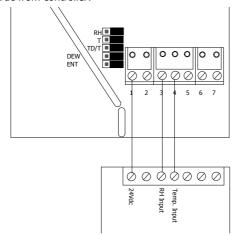
	RH = 4-20mA T = 4-20mA	RH = 0-10Vdc T = 0-10Vdc
	Dew = 4-20mA Ent = 4-20mA	Dew = 0-10Vdc Ent = 0-10Vdc
RH	Right	Left
Т	Right	Left
T/TD	Right	Right
DEW	Right	Left
ENT	Right	Left
1	24Vdc	24Vac/dc
2	No connection	0V
3	RH output	RH output
4	T output	Toutput
5	No connection	No connection
3	RH output T output	RH output T output

Note. Enthalpy & dewpoint outputs are only available with the RH-SP01.

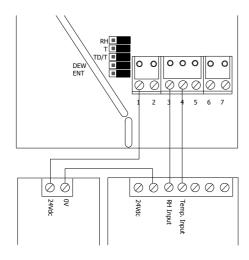


Connection Examples

RH and Temp. = 4-20mA Loop powered 24Vdc from controller:

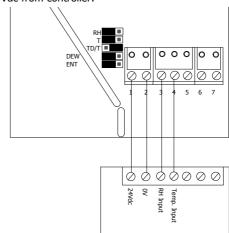


RH and Temp. = 4-20mA Loop powered 24Vdc from external 24Vdc supply:

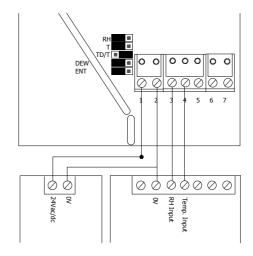


Connection Examples (continued)

RH and Temp. = 0-10Vdc 24Vdc from controller:



RH and Temp. = 0-10Vdc 24V from external 24Vac/dc supply:



Self-Test & Manual Override Mode

The outputs of the RH-SP can be manually overridden to one of 3 values by pressing the PCB mounted button. When this button is pressed once, the outputs will change to 0% of the output's range, when pressed again the outputs will change to 50% of the output's range and when pressed a third time will change the outputs to 100% of the outputs range. Pressing again will return the outputs to automatic control.

Example:

- First Press RH output falls to 0% and temperature output falls to 0°C, LED flashes slowly
- Second Press RH output rises to 50% and temperature output rises to 20°C, LED flashes slowly
- Third Press RH output rises to 100% and temperature output rises to 40°C, LED flashes slowly
- Fourth Press RH and temperature outputs revert to automatic levels. The LED should be permanently on.

Failure Mode

If the sensor element assembly fails, the outputs will change to the following fixed default values and the LED will flash rapidly;

RH = 0%Temperature = 21°C Dewpoint (optional) = 10°C Enthalpy (optional) = 50 kJ/kg

NB – When using the **RH-SP01-EN** enthalpy and dewpoint version in 4-20mA loop powered output mode, at least 2 of the loops must be powered before the unit will operate correctly.

Warning

Relative humidity transmitters are sensitive electronic devices and care should be taken at all times to ensure that they are not exposed to extreme ambient conditions or incorrect electrical connection. Transmitters should not be exposed to direct moisture contact (e.g. rain) and saturation of the transmitter at very high humidity should be avoided wherever possible.

Commissioning

To perform an accurate comparison between a transmitter output and a portable reference, it is essential that the two probes are held adjacent for a minimum of 30 minutes in a stable RH environment. Only in this way can speed of response and temperature factors be eliminated. It is not uncommon for test instruments and transmitters to disagree by 10% RH or more when site measurements are taken incorrectly. 'Slings' or other mechanical hygrometer should not be used as a reference.

Trend scaling

IQ1xx and early IQ2x series (without type 5, characterise),

4-20mA		(0 : 4000(DU)	
(0 to +40°C)		(0 to 100%RH)	
Brange _	-60	Brange _	-150
Trange	40	Trange	100
Upper	40	Upper	100
Lower	0	Lower	0
Exp	3	Exp	3
4-20mA			
(Dewpoint)		(Enthalpy)	
Brange	-190	Brange	-453.5
Trange	60	Trange	269
Upper	60	Upper	269
Lower	-40	Lower	-20
Exp	3	Exp	4
0-10Vdc			
(0 to +40°C)		(0 to 100%RH))
Brange	-40	Brange	-100
Trange	40	Trange	100
Upper	40	Upper	100
Lower	0	Lower	0
Exp	3	Exp	3
0-10Vdc			
		(Enthalmy)	
(Dewpoint)	140	(Enthalpy)	200
Brange	-140	Brange	-309
Trange	60	Trange	269
Upper	60	Upper	269
Lower	-40	Lower	-20
Exp	3	Exp	3



Trend scaling (continued)

IQ2xx and early IQ3 series (with type 5, characterise),

4-20mA				
(0 to +40°C)		(0 to 100%RH)		
Upper	40	Upper	100	
Lower	0	Lower	0	
Exp	3	Exp	3	
Points used	2	Points used	2	
I1	4	I1	4	
01	0	01	0	
I2	20	I2	20	
O2	40	02	100	
4-20mA				
(Dewpoint)		(Enthalpy)		
Upper	60	Upper	269	
Lower	- 4 0	Lower	-209	
	3		3	
Exp Points used	2	Exp Points used	2	
I1	4	I1	4	
01	-40	01	- 20	
I2	20	I2	20	
02	60	02	269	
02	00	02	209	
0-10Vdc				
(0 to +40°C)		(0 to 100%RH))	
	40	(0 to 100%RH)	100	
(0 to +40°C)	40 0			
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp		Upper Lower Exp	100	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower	0 3 2	Upper Lower	100 0 3 2	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp	0 3 2 0	Upper Lower Exp	100 0 3	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used	0 3 2 0	Upper Lower Exp Points used	100 0 3 2 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1	0 3 2 0 0 10	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1	100 0 3 2 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1	0 3 2 0	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1	100 0 3 2 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2	0 3 2 0 0 10	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2	100 0 3 2 0 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2	0 3 2 0 0 10	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2	100 0 3 2 0 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2	0 3 2 0 0 10	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2	100 0 3 2 0 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint)	0 3 2 0 0 10 40	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy)	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper	0 3 2 0 0 10 40	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper Lower	0 3 2 0 0 10 40	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper Lower	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper Lower Exp	0 3 2 0 0 10 40	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper Lower Exp	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100 269 -20 3	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper Lower Exp Points used	0 3 2 0 0 10 40 60 -40 3 2	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper Lower Exp Points used	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100 269 -20 3 2	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1	0 3 2 0 0 10 40 60 -40 3 2 0	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100 269 -20 3 2 0	
(0 to +40°C) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 0-10Vdc (Dewpoint) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1	0 3 2 0 0 10 40 60 -40 3 2 0 -40	Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1 I2 O2 (Enthalpy) Upper Lower Exp Points used I1 O1	100 0 3 2 0 0 10 100 269 -20 3 2 0 -20	